

1



What are your plans?

What are your plans?

Quali sono i tuoi progetti?

2



We have the possibility to build a new life together here in New England.

We have the possibility to build a new life together here in New England.

Abbiamo la possibilità di cominciare una nuova vita qui nella Nuova Inghilterra.

3



You can make me your husband in three months and have three children, one next year in 1621, one in 1623 and one in 1625.

You can make me your husband in three months and have three children, one next year in 1621, one in 1623 and one in 1625.

Puoi prendermi come marito fra tre mesi e avere tre figli, uno l'anno prossimo nel 1621, uno nel 1623 e uno nel 1625.

4



Adam, I am your wife and we're in the 1990's and I'm talking to you seriously.

Adam, I am your wife and we're in the 1990's and I'm talking to you seriously.

Adam, io sono tua moglie e siamo nel 1990 e ti sto parlando seriamente.

5



What plans do you have concerning jobs?

What plans do you have concerning jobs?

Quali sono i progetti che hai per il lavoro?

6



I am thinking about developing the shipbuilding industry in Plymouth with a group of friends.

I am thinking about developing the shipbuilding industry in Plymouth with a group of friends.

Sto pensando di sviluppare l'industria navale a Plymouth con un gruppo di amici.



These are hard times but we are making sacrifices.

I tempi sono duri, ma stiamo facendo sacrifici.



What are you talking about?

Di che cosa stai parlando?



We are putting our heads together to get ideas and not to make the same mistakes as in England.

Stiamo pensando insieme per ottenere idee valide e non fare gli stessi errori come in Inghilterra.



William is planning to do something in textiles and I want to build modern ships like the Mayflower.

William ha intenzione di mettersi nel campo tessile e io voglio costruire navi moderne come la Mayflower.



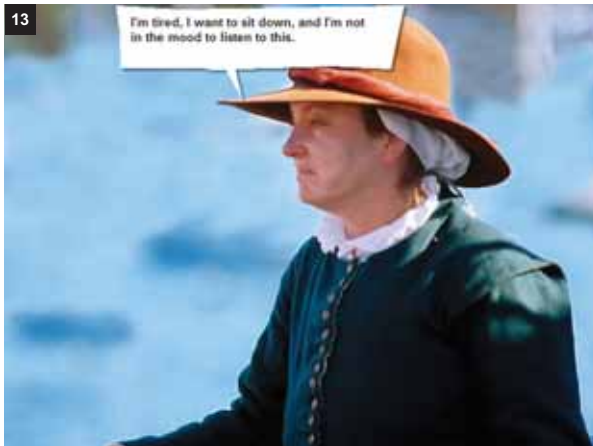
You're not giving me a straight answer.

Non mi stai dando una risposta chiara.



What's wrong? Now we're living on this side of the Atlantic, we are starting to organize our new life.

Cosa c'è che non va? Ora viviamo da questa parte dell'Atlantico e stiamo cominciando a organizzare la nostra nuova vita.



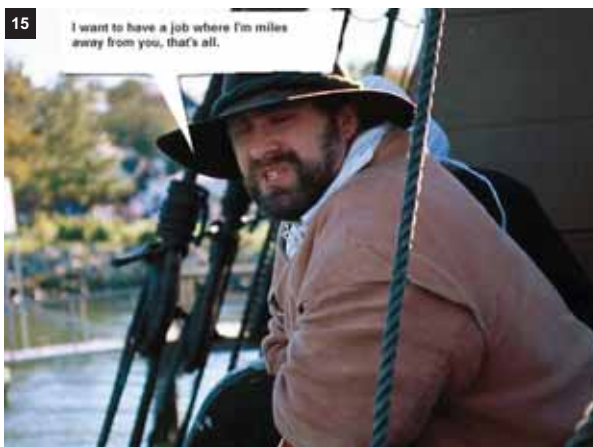
I'm tired, I want to sit down, and I'm not in the mood to listen to this.

Sono stanca, mi voglio sedere, e non sono in vena di ascoltare queste cose.



I just want to know when you're changing jobs.

Voglio soltanto sapere quando cambierai lavoro.



I want to have a job where I'm miles away from you, that's all.

Voglio avere un lavoro che mi porti molte miglia lontano da te, tutto qui.



Ha, ha. Make an effort to please me today for once.

Ah, ah. Fai uno sforzo per farmi piacere almeno per oggi.



It's our special day and we're having dinner somewhere nice tonight, so phone Madeleine to ask her to babysit for us tonight.

È il nostro giorno speciale e stasera andiamo a mangiare in un posto carino, quindi telefona a Madeleine e chiedile se per favore questa sera può badare ai bambini.



OK. Steve is coming with us. He's really nice.

Va bene. Viene anche Steve. È davvero simpatico.

19



What!? This is our romantic evening, just the two of us!

Cosa!? È la nostra serata romantica, solo noi due!

20



All good things are three!

Tre è il numero perfetto!

Per favore, traduci queste parole.

Vocabulary recycling

umore	<input type="text"/>
monumento	<input type="text"/>
sacrificio	<input type="text"/>
biscotto	<input type="text"/>
lavorazione	<input type="text"/>
testardo	<input type="text"/>
granchio	<input type="text"/>
folia	<input type="text"/>
aragosta	<input type="text"/>
ordinato	<input type="text"/>

manufacture

monument

stubborn

crowd

sacrifice

neat

crab

lobster

mood

cookie

Vocabulary recycling

umore	mood
monumento	monument
sacrificio	sacrifice
biscotto	cookie
lavorazione	manufacture
testardo	stubborn
granchio	crab
folia	crowd
aragosta	lobster
ordinato	neat

Qual è il contrario delle parole nella colonna di sinistra?

Nobody's perfect

to make an effort

to cry

to refuse

to make mistakes

to shout

to annoy

to do it alone

to be quiet

Nobody's perfect

to make an effort

to cry

to refuse

to make mistakes

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to annoy

to do it alone

to be quiet

Completa le frasi con le forme corrette del presente di 'be', 'have' e 'do'.

Exercises do you good

I hungry. Madeleine the housework.
 Martin Luther a dream. William tired.
 I the shopping and I sports every week.
 Steven dinner at eight. Let me the talking.
 They translations. They a drink after work.
 I my homework after school.
 Only some men their military service in the USA.
 Not all women a baby before they are 30.
 Tourists a lot of sightseeing.

The present of basic verbs - Il presente dei verbi ausiliari

		be	have	do
I	(io)	am	have	do
you	(tu, Lei)	are	have	do
he / she / it	(lui / lei / esso)	is	has	does
we	(noi)	are	have	do
you	(voi, Lei)	are	have	do
they	(loro)	are	have	do

Exercises do you good

I **am** hungry. Madeleine **does** the housework.
 Martin Luther **has** a dream. William **is** tired.
 I **do** the shopping and I **do** sports every week.
 Steven **has** dinner at eight. Let me **do** the talking.
 They **do** translations. They **have** a drink after work.
 I **do** my homework after school.
 Only some men **do** their military service in the USA.
 Not all women **have** a baby before they are 30.
 Tourists **do** a lot of sightseeing.

Completa le frasi usando la forma presente dei verbi fra parentesi.

This company

- This company ships in an enormous shipyard. (build)
 This company satellite dishes. (manufacture)
 These companies houses, resort centers and high-rise office buildings. (build)
 This company cars, ships, planes, just about everything. (produce)
 This company always at the top of the list. (stay)
 The other one to take its place. (try)
 But this company simply the best machines of this sort. (make)
 It the mark of success. (carry)

The simple present - Il presente

Il presente è uguale per tutte le persone e corrisponde all'infinito, tranne nella 3ª persona singolare alla quale viene aggiunta una -s.

Es.	I	work	cry
	you	work	cry
	he	works	cries
	we	work	cry
	you	work	cry
	they	work	cry

I verbi che terminano in -y non preceduta da vocale prendono la desinenza -ies alla 3ª persona singolare.

This company

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Porta i verbi negli spazi corrispondenti.

A normal day for Ronald

Ronald four years old.
 He often with his toy cars or nice pictures.
 In the afternoon he his favorite program on TV.
 Sometimes Ronald something wrong, and then
 when his mother at him.
 He dinner and then his mother him a story.
 Madeleine is his babysitter and around when his parents
 out to dinner.
 They together for a while, and then he to bed.

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The simple present - Il presente

I verbi che terminano in-o alla 3ª persona singolare prendono la finale -oes. Per questioni di fonetica alcuni verbi prendono alla 3ª persona singolare la finale -es: he goes, he catches, he finishes.

Il presente descrive un'azione che si ripete ogni tanto, sempre, regolarmente.

Es. The children **go** to school every day.
 (I bambini vanno a scuola tutti i giorni.)
 This building **is** big.
 (L'edificio è grande.)

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Completa queste frasi usando i verbi in blu che trovi in alto e mettendoli alla forma progressiva del presente.

The Adams family

ask, babysit, drink, eat, give, have, plan, talk

Adam and William to develop the textile and the shipbuilding industries.

Adam and I about jobs. I him questions, and he me dumb answers.

We dinner at the restaurant.

Steven lobster and crab, and I white wine with my fish.

Madeleine for us.

The present continuous - La forma progressiva al presente

In inglese la forma progressiva si usa per indicare un'azione in corso, esattamente come il gerundio presente in italiano. La forma progressiva si compone del presente di 'be' e il participio presente (forma in -ing). Se il verbo è monosillabo o l'accento cade sull'ultima sillaba la consonante finale si raddoppia, ammesso che quest'ultima sia preceduta da una sola vocale. La -y o la -w non vengono raddoppiate in fine di parola. I verbi che all'infinito terminano come la perdono alla forma progressiva.

I	am	stopping	we	are	visiting
you	are	beginning	you	are	needing
he	is	giving	they	are	saying

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Inserisci le parole negli spazi corrispondenti.

The Mayflower

Madeleine Ronald paint the Mayflower at the moment, and Gail a sweater for her husband. Adam sometimes his wife when he's in the wrong mood, but today he to be nice to her. Steven in Boston, but he in Plymouth this weekend.

lives is annoying tries is knitting
 is helping annoys is staying is trying

The present tense - Il presente

Attenzione!

Il **presente** si usa per descrivere uno stato, per azioni che si ripetono regolarmente e per constatazioni di carattere generale.

La **forma progressiva** si usa per azioni in corso nel momento in cui si parla, cioè quando si sta facendo qualcosa.

The Mayflower

Madeleine Ronald paint the Mayflower at the moment, and Gail a sweater for her husband. Adam sometimes his wife when he's in the wrong mood, but today he to be nice to her. Steven in Boston, but he in Plymouth this weekend.

is annoying tries

Trasforma queste frasi in domande.

It's a question of taste

Ex. You like cake.

Do you like cake?

They go to the theater every week.

Steven tries very hard to please his wife.

The tourists are standing in front of the monument.

She takes sugar and milk.

Questions - Domande

Per formulare delle domande si ha bisogno del verbo ausiliare 'do' a meno che le domande non vengano formulate con 'be' o un altro verbo ausiliare o verbo modale. Alla 3ª persona singolare si aggiunge -es a 'do'.

Es. **Do** you want coffee?
(Vuoi il caffè?)
Does she like tea?
(A lei piace il tè?)

ma: **Are** you hungry?
(Hai fame?)
Is he working?
(Sta lavorando?)
Can you come here?
(Puoi venire qui?)

It's a question of taste

Ex. You like cake.

Do you like cake?

They go to the theater every week.

Do they go to the theater every week?

Steven tries very hard to please his wife.

Does Steven try very hard to please his wife?

The tourists are standing in front of the monument.

Are the tourists standing in front of the monument?

She takes sugar and milk.

Does she take sugar and milk?

Riempi gli spazi vuoti con le parole adatte.

Make sure you do this

We have to make some . We can't have everything and please everybody.

Go ahead, make my .

You could make an . Try a bit harder!

He's not very good at writing essays. He makes everywhere.

It doesn't change anything. It doesn't make the slightest .

Look at this! Be neat and tidy. You always make a of everything.

I'm new in Plymouth, I want to make here and settle down.

friends

mistakes

day

sacrifices

effort

mess

difference

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